How have the objects been sorted?

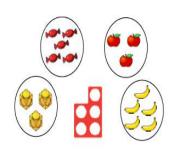




They have been sorted into colours.

They could have been sorted into 4 petal flowers and 5 petal flowers.

How can the objects be sorted?



They can be sorted into:

Red and yellow Fruit and non-fruit 5 and 3

Reasoning and Problem Solving

I am going to count on from 8

Will I say the number 6?

Explain your answer.

No, you will say 9 and 10. If you were counting backwards you would say the number 6

How many ways can you represent 6 glasses of apple juice?

How many ways can you show me less than 4 sweets?

How can you show me that there are more green cars than blue cars?

Children could line up 6 counters, cubes
Children could line up 3, 2, 1 or get zero counters
Children could get 1 blue cube and 2 green cubes etc.

Reasoning and Problem Solving

Spot the mistake and explain what has been done wrong.

5, 6, 8, 9, 10

7, 6, 4, 3, 2

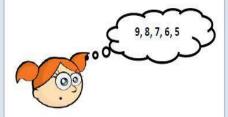
7, 6, 3, 2, 1

The number 7 is missing

The number 5 is missing

The numbers: 5 and 4 are missing

Katy is counting.

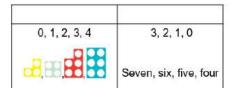


Is she counting forwards or backwards?

How do you know?

She is counting backwards because the numbers are getting smaller.

How have the sequences been sorted?

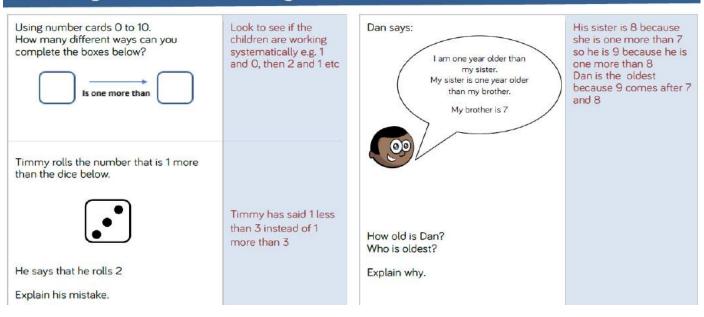


Children to write the correct labels on the table. Counting forwards on the left and counting backwards on the right.

Counting forwards, I could add: 3,4,5,6,7 Counting backwards I could add 9,8,7,6,5

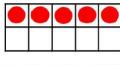
How many more sequences can you add to each column?

Reasoning and Problem Solving

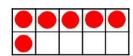


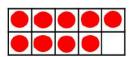


Move three counters so all the ten frames show the same amount.









Create your own problem like this.

Miriam has this many cubes in one hand:



She has fewer cubes in the other hand.

How many cubes could she have in her other hand?

She could have:

4 cubes 3 cubes 2 cubes

1 cube

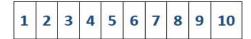
Reasoning and Problem Solving

Circle all the numbers from the number track that **cannot** go in the box. Why?

6



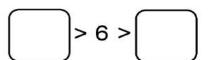




6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1 because 6 < means '6 is less than' so the other number needs to be greater than 6.

Children can include O even though it is not on the number track

Draw images to go in both boxes to make the statement true.



Children to draw image of 7 or above in left box and image of 5 or below in right box.

Follow the instructions to play the game:

- 1. Both children make a fist.
- 2. On 3, show some fingers.
- Choose a sign <, > or = to make the statement correct.



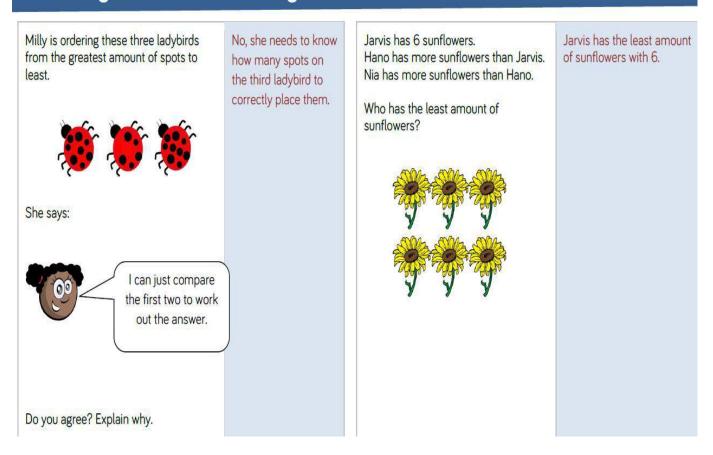


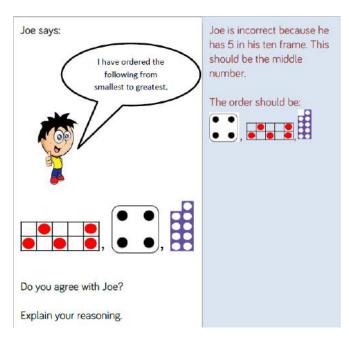
This game can be played to develop fluency. To extend:

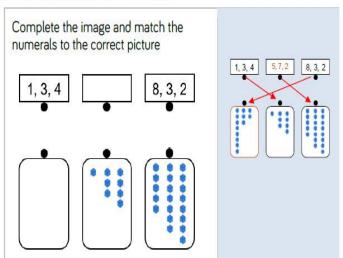
- Can we move places to change the sign?
- How can we change fingers to use the = sign?

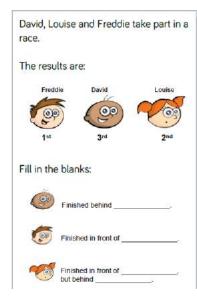
Can we use two hands each?

Children prove that True or False? One of these statements is incorrect. True 3 > 6 is incorrect using Use cubes to prove which one. cubes or by drawing diagrams. 1 more than 7 is the same as 1 less than 9. 8>4 1 more than 7 is 8 Use the ten frame to show me. 7<10 3>6 1 less than 9 is 8 Using number cards 0-10. Some examples: How many ways can you complete the following? 9 is 1 more than 8 6 is 1 more than 5 Encourage children to is one more than be systematic in their approach.



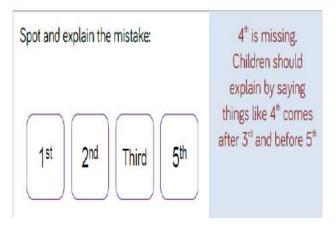






David finished behind Louise or Freddie. Freddie finished in front of David or Louise. Louise finished in front of David but behind Freddie.

Reasoning and Problem Solving



Reasoning and Problem Solving

Roll a die.



Place a counter on the number line covering the digit shown by the die. Work out how many jumps to 0 and how many to 10.

Which is closer?

If you landed on 6 and did three jumps, what digits could you land on?
Can you land on a number where there are 7 and 3 jumps to 10 or 0. Which numbers could they be?

Open ended - land on

2 jumps to 10, 8 jumps to 0

9 or 3

3 or 7

Jules points to a number on the number line.



Which of the following <u>do not</u> represent this number?

Α

В

C

arrow on the number line as it shows 6.
B and C both show 7.

A does not represent the

Count & Write Numbers to 20

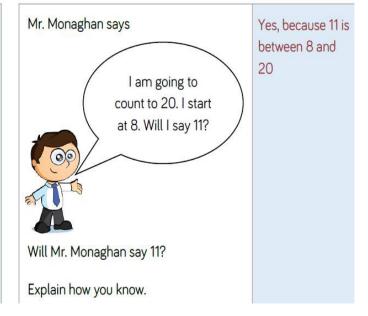
Reasoning and Problem Solving

Circle the odd one out and explain why.

11, 12, 13, 14, 51, 16, 17

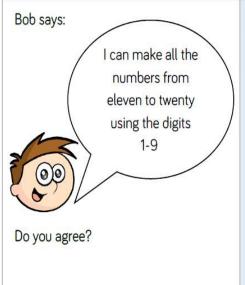
51 is incorrect. The number should be 15

The digits have been swapped round.

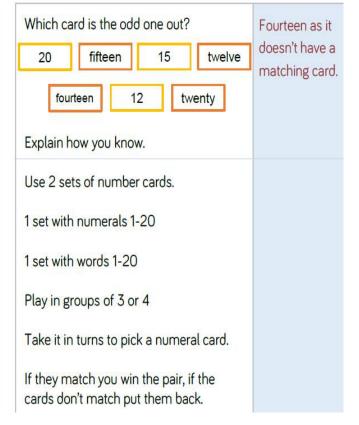


Numbers from 11 to 20

Reasoning and Problem Solving



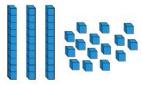
No, you cannot make 20 because you need a zero.

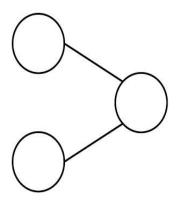


Tens and Ones

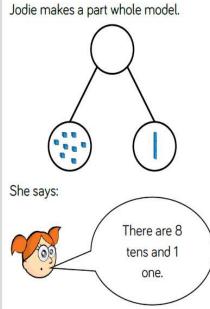
Reasoning and Problem Solving

How many ways can you complete the part whole model using the Base 10 equipment – you do not have to use it all.





Open ended e.g. 1 ten and 5 ones make 15



Explain her mistake.

What is her number?

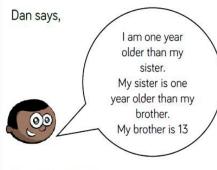
Jodie has counted the ones as tens and the tens as ones.

She should say there is 1 ten and 8 ones.

Her number is 18

Count One More & One Less

Reasoning and Problem Solving

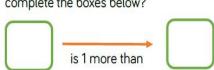


How old is Dan? How old is his sister? Dan's brother is 13. So Dan's sister must be 14 – as she is one year older than Dan's brother. Dan must be 15 as he is one year older than his sister.

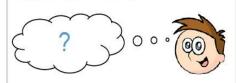
Dan is 15.

Use number cards 11-20.

How many different ways can you complete the boxes below?



Example answers: 18 is 1 more than 17 12 is 1 more than Adam thinks of a number.



1 more than his number is 11

What is his number?

Jan thinks of a number.



1 less than her number is 15

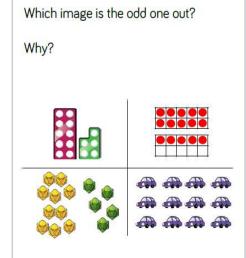
What is her number?

Adam's number: 10

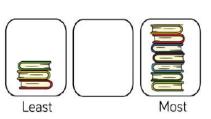
Jan's numbers: 16

Compare Groups of Objects

Reasoning and Problem Solving



The cars because there are 12 and the rest show 15 How many books can go in the empty box?

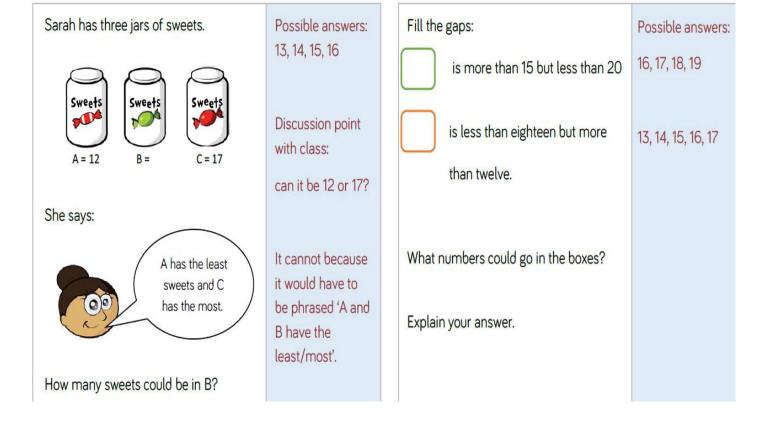


Compare with your partners- have you drawn the same amount of books?

How many possibilities are there?

The middle box could have 4, 5 or

Compare Numbers



Order Groups of Objects

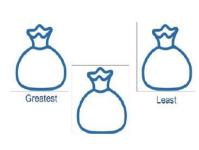
Reasoning and Problem Solving

All the eggs are used.

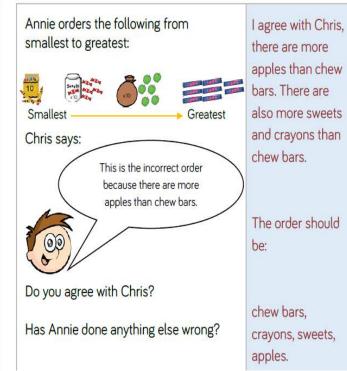
How many solutions can you find?

The eggs are put into the baskets.





Example: 8, 5, 2 or 9, 4, 1 etc.



Order Numbers

